Hilton Head, SC Saturday, June 7

POST TEST AND EVALUATION

Please complete post meeting to receive your CME Certificate.

Please complete via the QR code below or hand in to a staff member as you exit the room.



- 1. Which of the following is a limitation of body mass index (BMI) to diagnose/assess obesity?
- A. It is a measure of excess body fat rather than excess weight.
- B. It may underestimate weight status for athletes or muscular individuals.
- C. It takes into account age and gender but not comorbidities or fat distribution.
- D. It may overestimate weight status for people of different ethnic groups.
- 2. Eithne is a 42-year-old woman with a history of hypertension, dyslipidemia, obesity, and major depressive disorder; she reports frequent knee pain following an approximate 20-lb weight gain over the past year. Her current BMI=42 kg/m². How would you classify her level of obesity/weight-related health risk using the Edmonton Obesity Staging System (EOSS)?
- A. Stage 1
- B. Stage 2
- C. Stage 3
- D. Stage 4
- 3. Data from the SELECT trial, which studied the effects of once-weekly 2.4 mg semaglutide, showed:
- A. Statistically significant (but not superior) 10% reduction of major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE) in participants treated with semaglutide.
- B. Statistically significant and superior 20% reduction of MACE for participants treated with semaglutide.
- C. Slight increase in MACE for participants being treated with semaglutide.
- D. No improvements in MACE were observed among participants receiving semaglutide.
- 4. Kailani is a 60-year-old woman with a BMI of 36 kg/m². In addition to obesity, she also has several other medical conditions, including hypertension, prediabetes, and osteoarthritis (right hip). Over the last year and a half, Kailani has been trying to lose weight. She changed her diet to include more leafy greens and has cut down processed food. She reports taking 60-min. spin classes 3 to 4 times a week. Despite these changes, Kailani has gained 10 lbs. in the past 6 months. Based on the latest practice guidelines and clinical evidence, which of the following pharmacologic options would you recommend for Kailani?
- A. Tirzepatide
- B. Phentermine/topiramate ER
- C. Orlistat
- D. Naltrexone/bupropion SR

Staying in the Solution: How Do We Implement Evidence in Obesity Care?

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5. Which of the following statements utilizes people-first lang	guage?			
A. Diabetic patients are more likely to have severe obesity than B. The patient who reported to the emergency room with ches C. A 62-year-old woman with obesity presents to care after a fact. D. The patient developed pain in his right knee as a result of his	t pain is an obese all.		man.	
6. Alfonso M. is a 47-year-old man with a past medical history chart also notes that he is on a fixed income and regularly ski visit, you decide that his weight should be addressed as it is a appropriate first step?	ps doses of his m	edications d	ue to cost. Duri	ng his annual
A. Provide him with a weight loss goal of ≥15%. B. Explain how the patient's obesity is contributing to his como C. Prescribe an anti-obesity medication.	orbidities.			
D. Ask for permission to discuss weight.				
lease indicate your level of agreement with the following	(4) Strongly	(3)	(2)	(1) Strongly
	Agree	Agree	Disagree	Disagree
This activity enhanced my professional effectiveness.				
The content of the activity is up-to-date.				
The topic is clinically relevant to my practice.				
I plan to apply the content in clinical practice.				
Vas the activity fair and balanced? You answered "No," please describe the particular contralations alanced:	Yes ent within the a	ctivity that	No you believe w	as not fair and
Vas the activity free of commercial bias? you answered "No," please describe the particular conto	Yes ent within the a	ctivity that	No you believe ex	chibited bias:
o you diagnose obesity? Yes oo you treat obesity? Yes	No No			
What is your profession? O MD O DO O PA O NP O Other (Please specify)				
What is your specialty? D. Family Medicine	ice O Other (Pla	ease snecif	v)	

Staying in the Solution: How Do We Implement Evidence in Obesity Care?

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Clinical	CONTIC	anca
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Now that v	ou have com	pleted the activi	tv nlease	indicate how	<i>ı</i> confident v	you are <i>now</i> in v	our ability	νto.
I VO VV CITAL	you nave com	picted the detivi	cy, picasc	. III alcate lion	Commucing	you are move in	your ability	,

	(4) Very confident	(3) Confident	(2) Somewhat confident	(1) Not at all confident
Diagnose and treat obesity as a chronic disease in line with the latest evidence				
Implement data from recent clinical trials of anti- obesity medications (AOMs) into routine practice				
Counsel patients with obesity utilizing a shared decision-making (SDM) approach and avoiding the perception of stigma				

			4	3	2	
Please	indicate below <i>how often you plan to use</i> each of t	the listed strateg	gies in your p	ractice.		
O Yes	O No					
-	plan to make a change to your clinical practice as	a result of this a	ctivity?			
_	ies Used in Practice: Intent to change					
	specify which state:					
What is	s your geographic location?					
0	Other (Please specify):					
0	Community Office-based					
0	Community Hospital/Clinic					
0	Academic					
	of the following best describes your primary practi	ce setting?				
0	Not applicable					
0	61+					
0	41-60					
0	21-40					
0	1-20					
On ave	rage, how many patients with obesity do you see p	er week?				
Patient	Benefit					
perce	ption of stigma					
	on-making (SDM) approach and avoiding the					
Couns	sel patients with obesity utilizing a shared					
obesii	ty medications (AOIVIS) into routine practice					

	4	3	2	1
	Always	Often	Rarely	Never
Apply the most recent evidence for the diagnosis and treatment of				
obesity in the primary care setting				
Utilize AOMs in conjunction with lifestyle modifications for patients with				
obesity				
Counsel patients with obesity utilizing principles of shared decision-				
making and strategies to minimize the perception of stigma				

making and strategies to	, minimize the pe	creeption or stigine					
Do you plan to change an	y current aspect	of your involveme	nt in a collabor	ative tean	1 as a res	ult of this	activity?
O Yes	O No						
If you answered "Yes," wh ☐ Increase engagement ☐ Improve referrals/coo ☐ Share information from ☐ Other (please explain)	and communicat rdination of care m this activity wi	ion with interprofe among providers	essional team m	•			

Staying in the Solution: How Do We Implement Evidence in Obesity Care? Hilton Head, SC Saturday, June 7 **Barriers** Based on your experience, which of the following are the primary barriers to implementing changes in practice related to your treatment of patients with obesity? (Check all that apply): ☐ Lack of knowledge regarding evidence-based strategies ☐ Lack of time/resources to consider change ☐ Patient adherence/resistance to change ☐ Other patient-related factors (eg, socioeconomic status, lack of health insurance) ☐ Cost of medications ☐ Accessibility/availability of medications ☐ Lack of convincing evidence to warrant change ☐ Difficulty navigating systems-based factors such as insurance, reimbursement, or legal issues ☐ I do not anticipate any barriers to implementing changes ☐ Other (please explain): **Future educational needs** Please provide any specific educational needs you may have based on difficulties you've encountered in your treatment of patients with obesity that you would like to see addressed in future CME activities:

Any other comments regarding the activity? Please specify below.

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PARTICIPANT ATTESTATION AND **CERTIFICATE REQUEST**

Name:		Deg	ree:
Address:			
City:	State:		ZIP code:
Email:		Phone:	
I certify that I have completed this educational activity and claim	cre	edit hou	urs for this activity.
Signature			
DHYCICIANG			

Haymarket Medical Education designates this live activity for a maximum of 1.00 AMA PRA Category 1 Credits™. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

AAFP

AMA/AAFP Equivalency:

AAFP Prescribed credit is accepted by the American Medical Association as equivalent to AMA PRA Category 1 credit(s)™ toward the AMA Physician's Recognition Award. When applying for the AMA PRA, Prescribed credit earned must be reported as Prescribed, not as Category 1.

To receive a certificate of credit/attendance, complete this form and submit it at the registration table or mail to:

CME Department Haymarket Medical Education 461 From Road, Suite 198 Paramus, NJ 07652